# "MGED Standard implementation: establishing an infrastructure for sharing microarray data"

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NETTAB meeting, Bologna, 27-28th November 2003

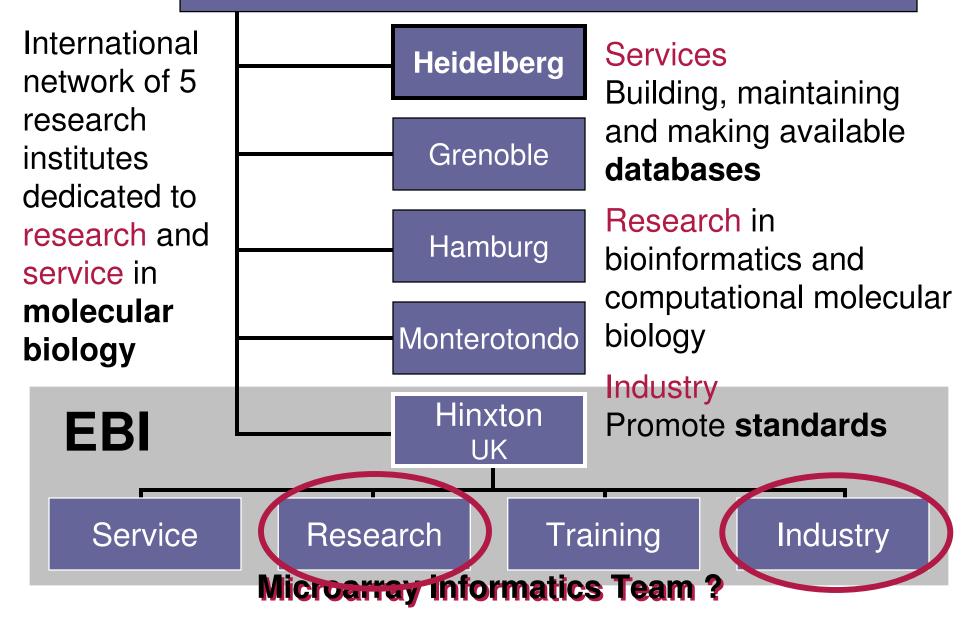


#### Talk structure

- Standardization efforts
  - Microarray standards by the MGED Society
- Infrastructure at the EBI
  - ArrayExpress Functional implementation of MGED standards
  - ExpressionProfiler
- Future and Development
  - Infrastructure
  - Standards



## **European Molecular Biology Laboratory**



## Standards are important.....

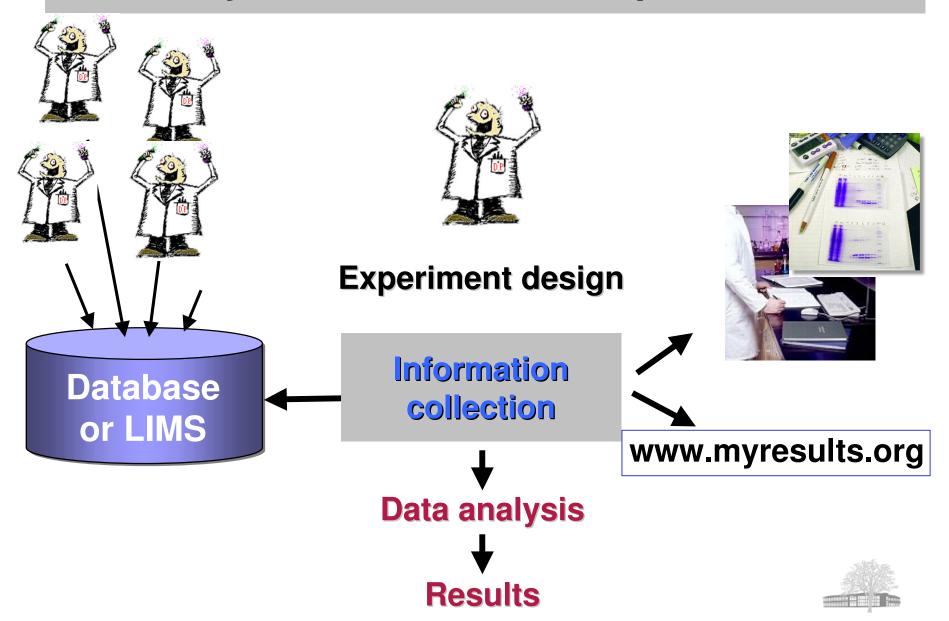
This is not a recent issue.....



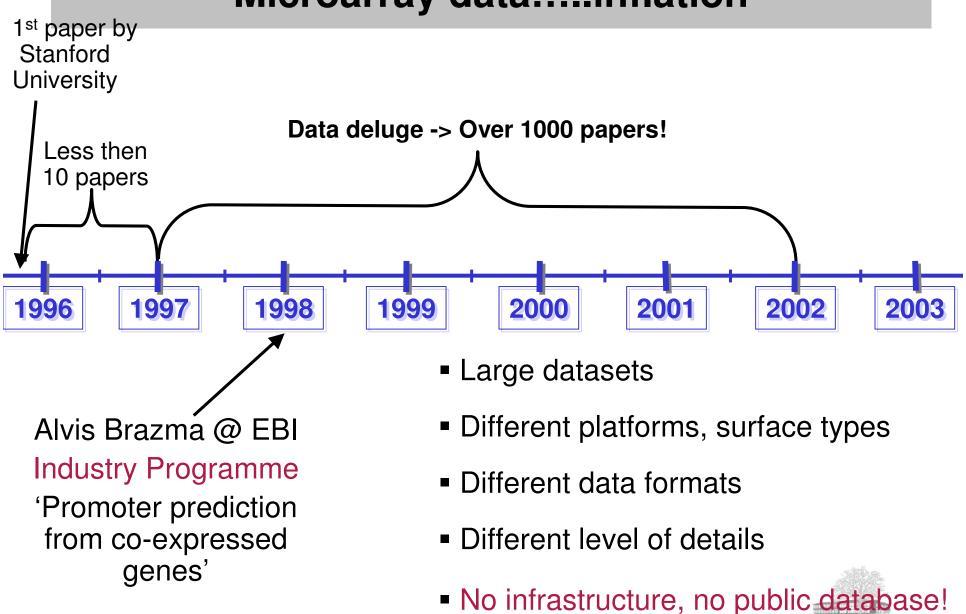
Mensa pondereria (Pompei)



## Why are standards so important?







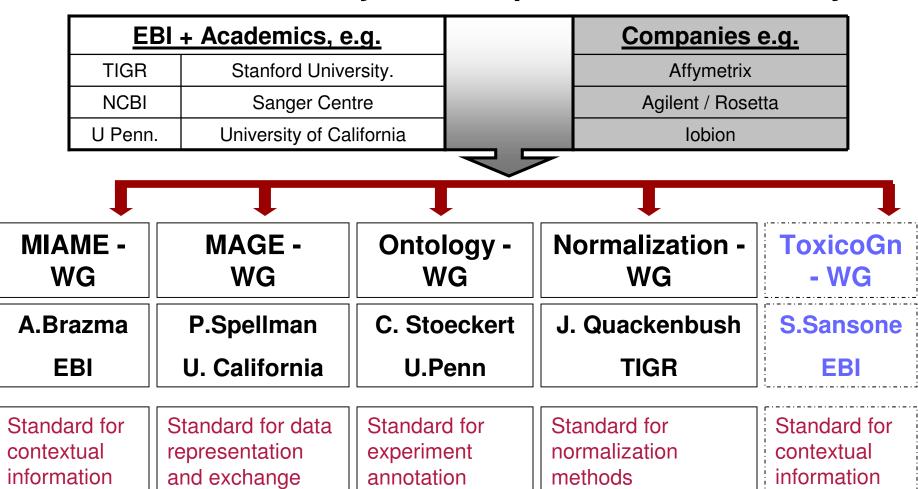
## Storing DNA-Microarray generated information Key questions....

- What should be the information to be recorded?
- How to make sets of information comparable?
- How to record the information ?
- Where to store the information ?
- How to retrieve and display information?



## To address these issues....The MGED response

#### **MGED** = Microarray Gene Expression Data Society



#### Standard 1: What to store?

## The MIAME Requirements

**Defining the Minimum Information About a Microarray Experiment** 

- First major achievement of MGED (Nat.Genet. 2001, Dec;29(4):365-71):
- Defining the critical domains of a microarray experiment requiring sufficient annotation to be provided
- Set of guidelines issued for the microarray community
- Nailing down the rationales for accurate recording
- Providing a framework to start from for establishing public repositories
- Insisting on a need for infrastructure for data sharing

## What does MIAME say?

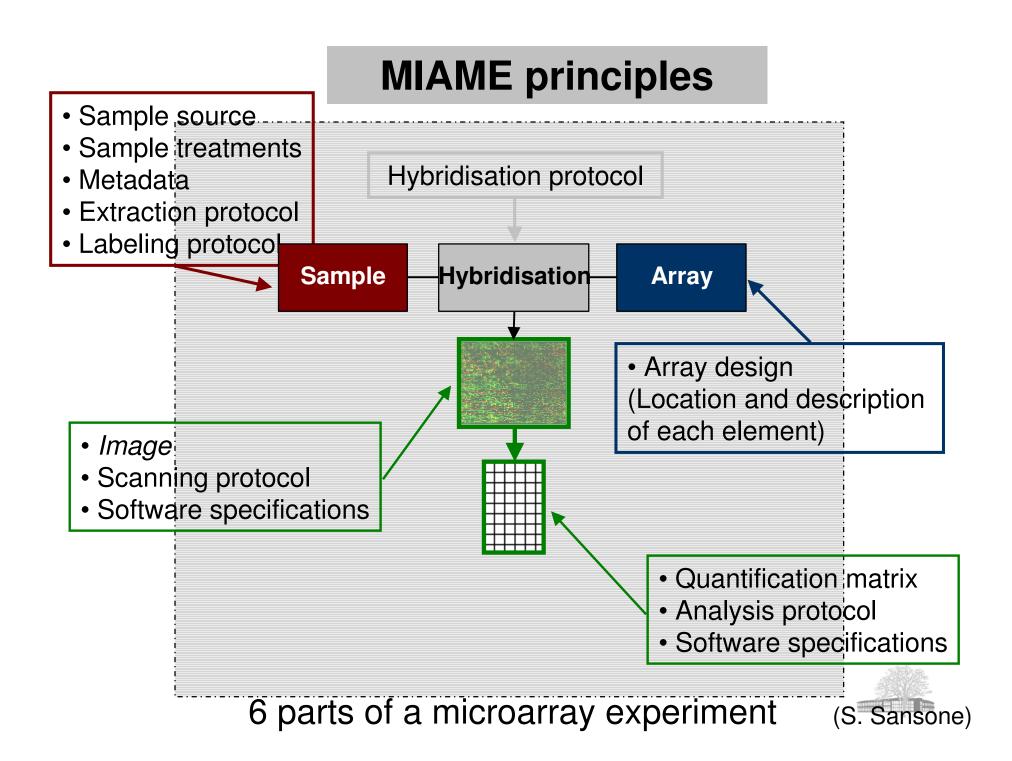
#### Sufficient information must be recorded to :

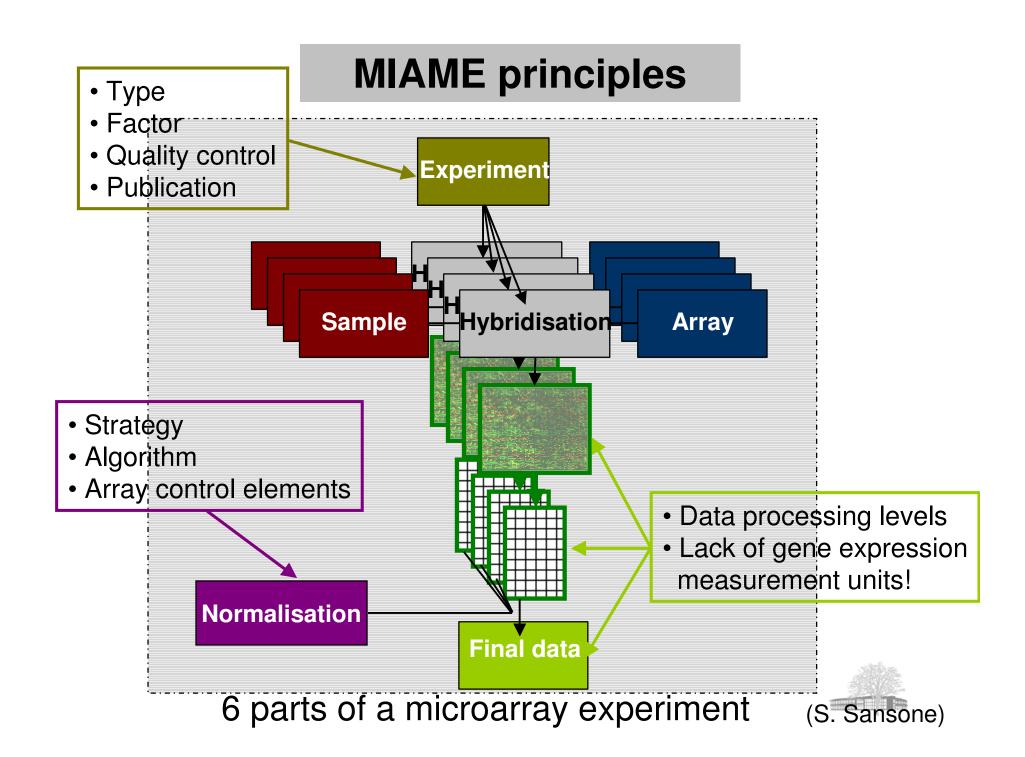
- Correctly interpret and verify the results
- Replicate the experiments

#### Structured information must be recorded to:

- Query and correctly retrieve the data
- Analyse the data







## Standard 2: How to efficiently annotate data?

=>The MGED ontology (MO)

# MIAME publication evokes the need for efficient annotation

- Reducing use of synonyms or ambiguous terms
- Avoiding free text description
- Use of annotation good practice and use of structured controlled vocabularies and available ontologies
- Definition: An Ontology is a ...
  - Domain specific dictionnary capturing semantic relationship between terms



## Standard 2: How to efficiently annotate data?

## =>The MGED ontology (MO)

#### Effort coordinated by C.Stoeckert & H. Parkinson

- Publication:Nature.Genet.2002, 32,pp 469-473
- Placed under the GOBO umbrella, a stable version has now been released
- MO is registered as GO Xref and at MOBY
- Opensource, modular and interconnected to existing ontologies
  - Avoiding competing or redundant work
  - Join and participate basis
- A set of rules on how to use it have been presented during MGED6 meeting

MGED ontology available from: http://mged.sourceforge.net/



## Standard 3: How to store microarray data?

#### => The MAGE-OM

- Second Milestone delivered by the MGED society
- Effort coordinated by Paul Spellman
- Model developed by Ugis Sarkans at the EBI
- Joined submission by MGED / Rosetta (Michael Miller)
- Officially approved by the OMG in October 2002
- Model now « frozen » for 2 years



#### **MAGE-OM:** an overview

#### MAGE-OM a formalized representation of the world of microarray independent of

- Experimental platform
- Image analysis method
- Normalization method

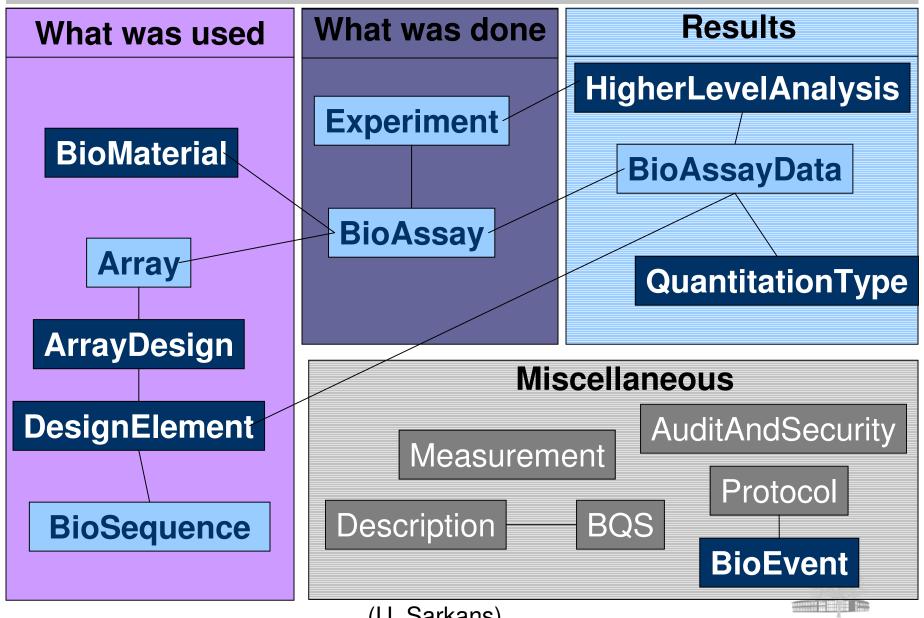
#### MAGE-OM contains 16 main groups (or packages)

#### In the UML formalization:

- Objects are described by Classes
- Related classes are grouped together into packages

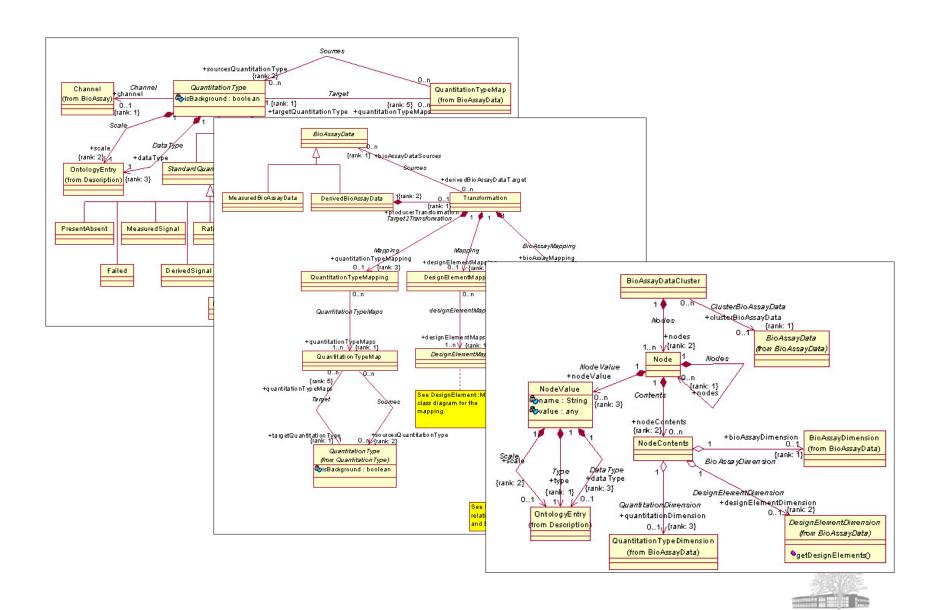


## **MAGE Object Model made simple**



(U. Sarkans)

## **MAGE Object Model: zooming in...**



## Standard 4: How to exchange microarray data?

#### =>The MAGE-ML format

#### What is MAGE-ML? A byproduct of the MAGE-OM

- Publication: Genome Biol. 2002 Aug 23;3(9):RESEARCH0046.
- Basically, it's an XML file:
- The corresponding DTD has been automatically generated from the MAGE Object Model
- it is (almost) human readable

#### Why MAGE-ML?

- Technically, a broad range of tools already available to handle, parse XML
- Ease of use in object oriented programming software development environment

## Standard 4: How to exchange microarray data?

#### =>The MAGE-ML format

- Oct 2002: Press release by Rosetta/Agilent:
  - •Resolver 6.0 now accepts MAGE-ML format
- ■NCI's Director Challenge adopts MAGE-ML as internal data exchange format (Ken Buetow, SOFG meeting 2002)
- ■BASE Lund University LIMS works on MAGE-ML export
- ■NHIES & NCT: adoption of MAGE-ML for toxicogenomics data



## Standard 5: How to make data comparable?

#### => Normalization and data transformation

- Preliminary studies showed limitation in data comparison
- Need for an independant MGED Working Group
- Effort coordinated by J. Quakenbush

(Review in Nature.Genet.2002, 32,pp 496-501)

- Taking into account within experiment hybridization variability to allow for quantitation level comparison
- Defining the comparison procedures and algorithm
- Defining the necessary control element types, amount of replications
- •Issuing recommandations on data comparison, data transformation and potentially on experimental design



## **MGED** standards -Summary

- Standard for <u>quantitative information</u>
  - MIAME
- Standard for <u>qualitative annotation</u>
  - MGED Ontology
- Standard for <u>data representation/exchange</u>
  - MAGE-OM & derived MAGE-ML language
- Standard for recording <u>controls</u>, <u>normalization</u> methods

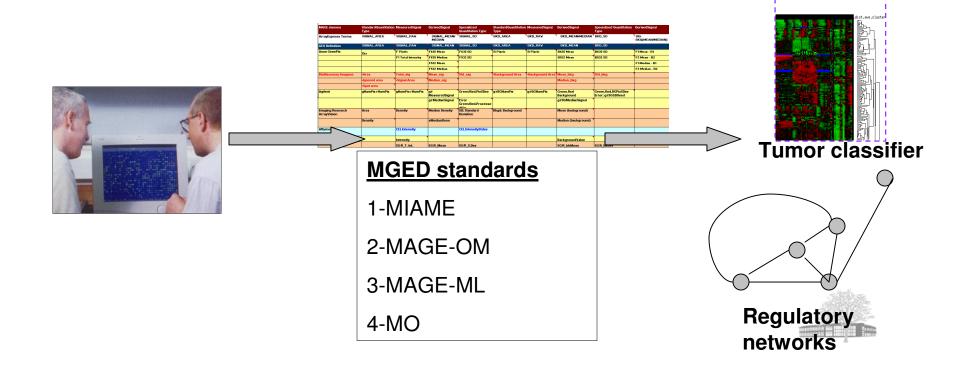


## **Enforcing standards:**

- December 2002: A New Publication from the MGED society
  - •Nature and related Journals of the Nature Publishing Group
  - Bioinformatics Lancet cember 2001, we published a commentary in CATHERINE BROOKSBANK, 2 HELEN C. CAUSTON, Standards for which we described MIAME-the Minimal DUCCIO CAVALIERI,4 TERRY GAASTERLAND,5 Science Microarray Data Information About a Microarray Experiment PASCAL HINGAMP 6 FRANK HOLSTEGE MIAME is presented as a proposed stan-MARTIN RINGWALD,8 PAUL SPELLMAN,5 d for representation of array data that CHRISTIAN J. STOECKERT JR., ald be sufficient to allow readers of pub-IASON F. STEWART 11 RONALD TAYLOR 15 ed reports to replicate the analysis present-ALVIS BRAZMA,28 JOHN QUACKENBUSH1 and to facilitate the development of novel
    CATHERINE A. BALL, GAVIN SHERLOCK, Department of Genetics, Stanford University ture (I). The recent report by P. Cohen  $et\ al.$ HELEN PARKINSON,2 PHILIPPE ROCCA-SERA,2 ("Role for stearoyl-CoA desaturase-1 in Microarray standards at last
- Guide to authors, reviewers and editors of microarray gene expression papers.
- More journals ask for accession number as prerequisite for submission!

## In the (MGED) standards we trust...



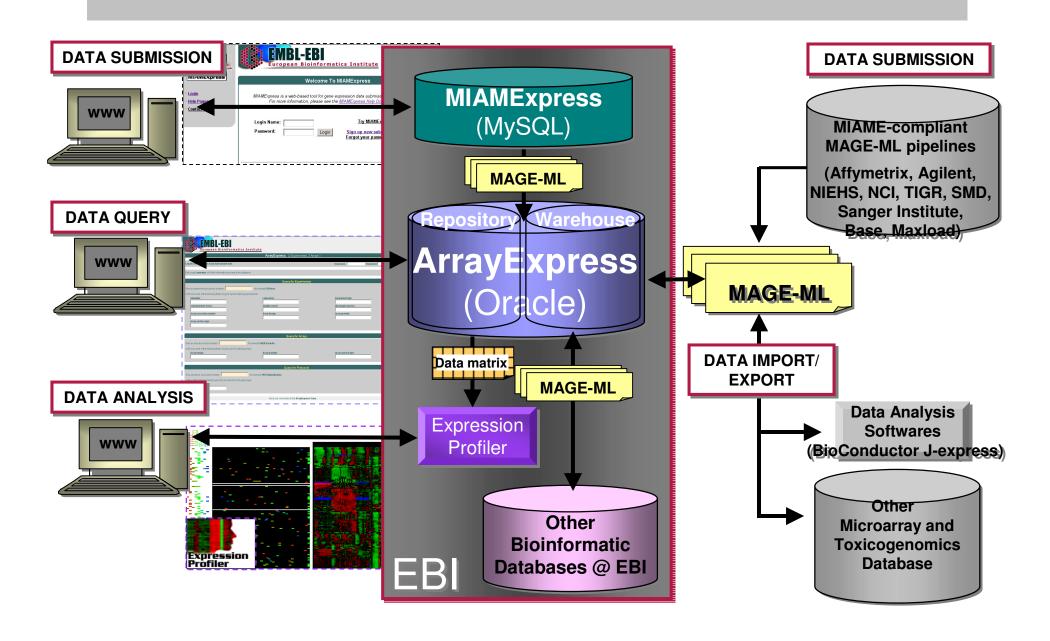


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## Infrastructure @ EBI



## **ArrayExpress: Public Repository Infrastructure**

- MAGE-OM Implementation in Oracle 9i
- 132 SQL tables: oracle/SQL scripts available at:

www.ebi.ac.uk/microarray/ArrayExpress/Implementation/implementation.html

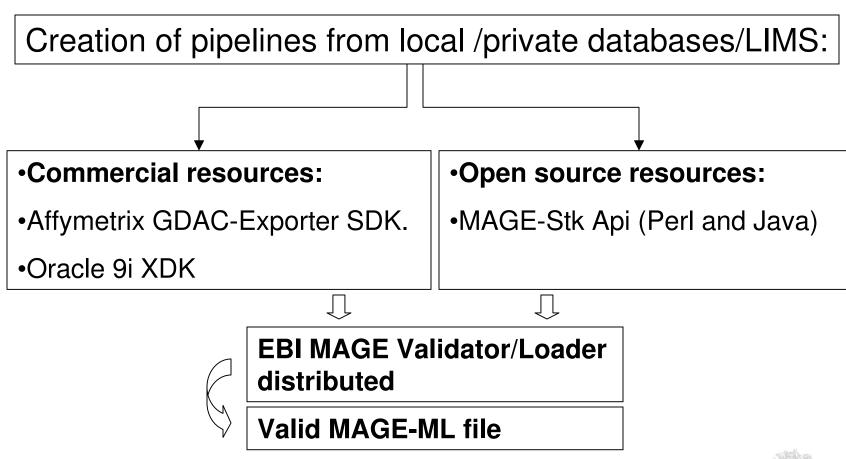
- DB tools: (available from the same URL)
  - Validator: checking datafiles against our implementation of the OM
  - Loader/Unloader: input is a MAGE-ML file
  - •Query interface: data access and retrieval

( Java servlets on Tomcat server)



## Submission to ArrayExpress (part 1)

Direct submission as MAGE-ML documents:





## Submission to ArrayExpress (part 2)

### Web based submission using MIAMExpress:

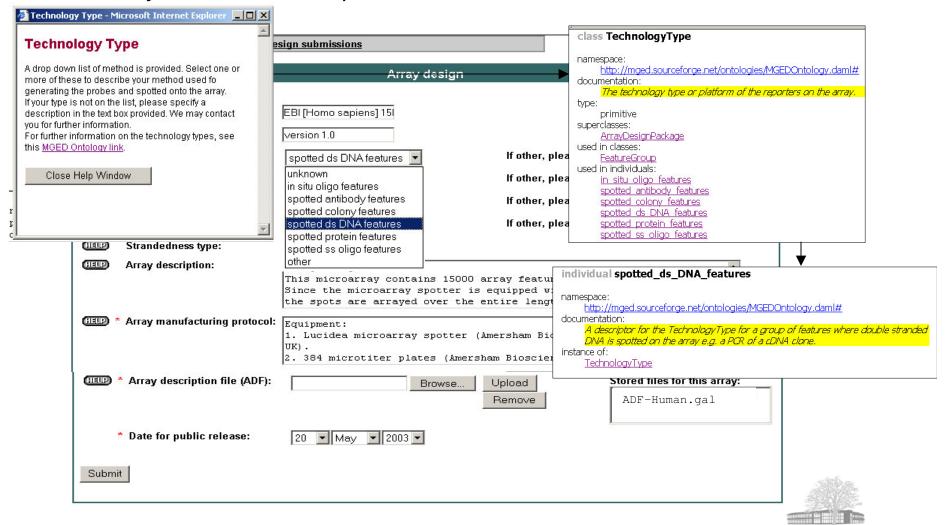
- •URL: www.ebi.ac.uk/miamexpress/
- •Based on MIAME questionnaire
- •Built-in Controlled Vocabulary
- Opensource Perl-CGI/mySQL/Apache (GNU license)
- •Usable as a Lab Notebook for daily data storage
- Automatically generates valid MAGE-ML documents



## **MIAMExpress Submission (part 1)**

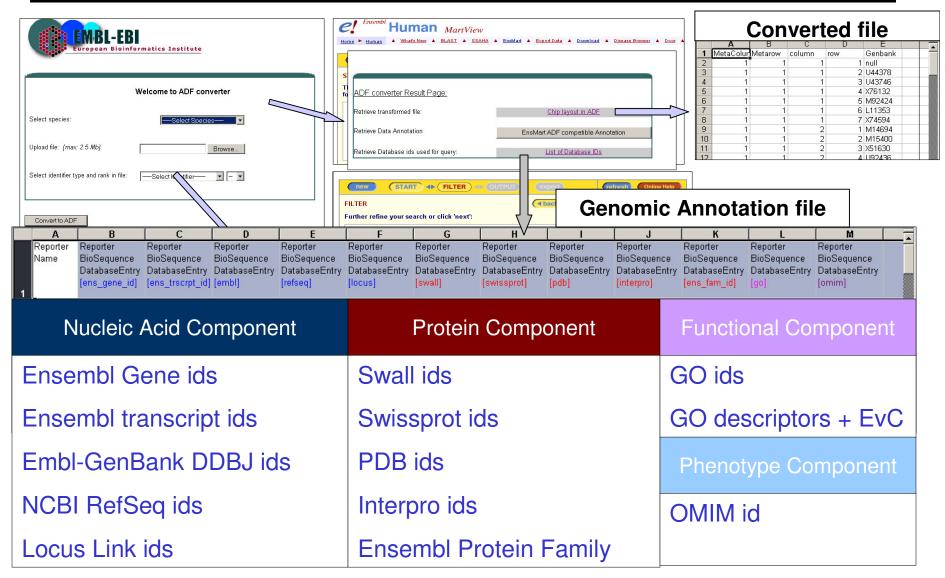
#### •MIAMExpress official release 15/12/2002:

Already 26 successful experiment submissions released



## **MIAMExpress Submission (part 2)**

#### •User assistance and annotation standardization: EnsMART + ADF converter



## **ArrayExpress – Access to Data**

ArrayExpress Query interface:

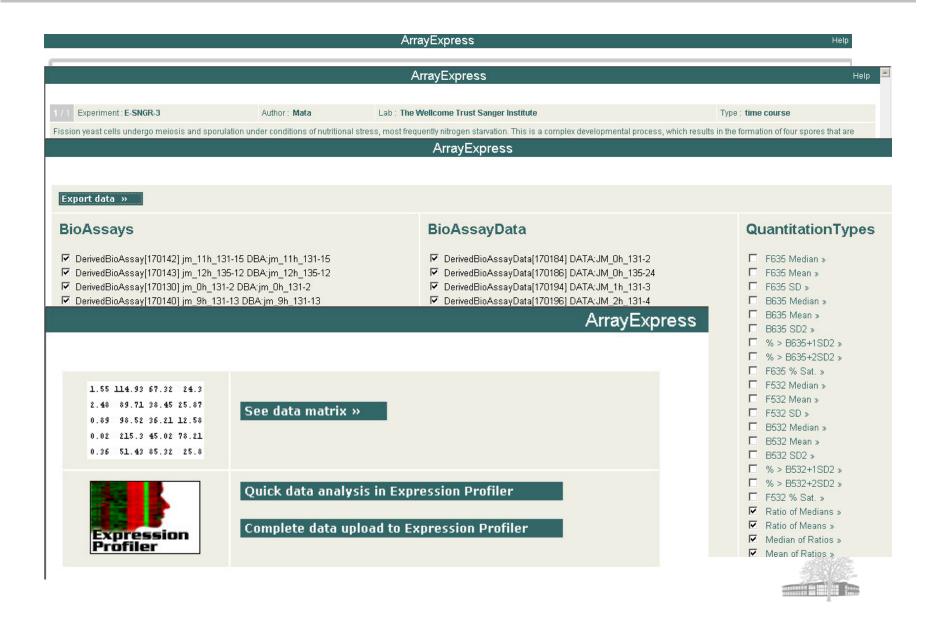
URL:www.ebi.ac.uk/arrayexpress/query/entry

 Providing private and public access to data : close cooperation with journals and editors



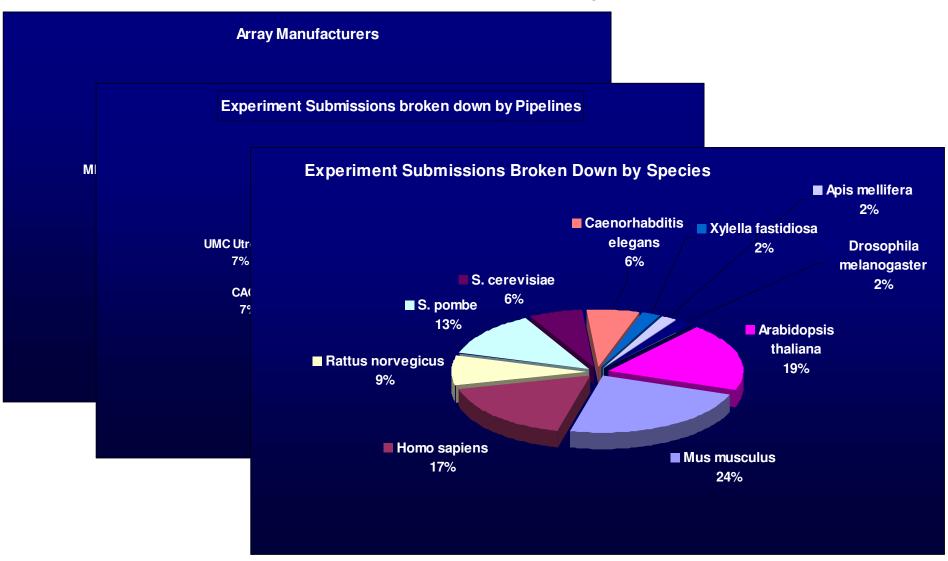


## **ArrayExpress Query interface: Access to Data**



## **ArrayExpress DataSets**

■ In the Production Database: > 2700 hybridizations



#### Talk structure

- Standardization efforts @ EBI
  - Microarray standards by MGED Society
- Standard-supporting microarray infrastructure@EBI
- Future and Development
  - Infrastructure
  - standards



## **ArrayExpress's Future: Input wise (1)**

#### New pipeline implementation with large centres

(e.g. MAGE-ML adopted by NCI for file exchange)

#### Development of Quality Control rating procedures

- Creation of quality metrics to rate Experiment submission
- Creation of MIAME validator

#### Development of appropriate curation tools

- Automated submission tracking
- Better integration with Ontology browsers
- Improvement of the Validator to enhance CV checking



## **ArrayExpress's Future: Input wise (2)**

#### Online submission and MIAMExpress Mk II:

- Scaled up to match the full MAGE model
- Integration of MGED ontology in the interface
- Extension according to the user needs & feedback
- Increase of usability, flexibility and scalability



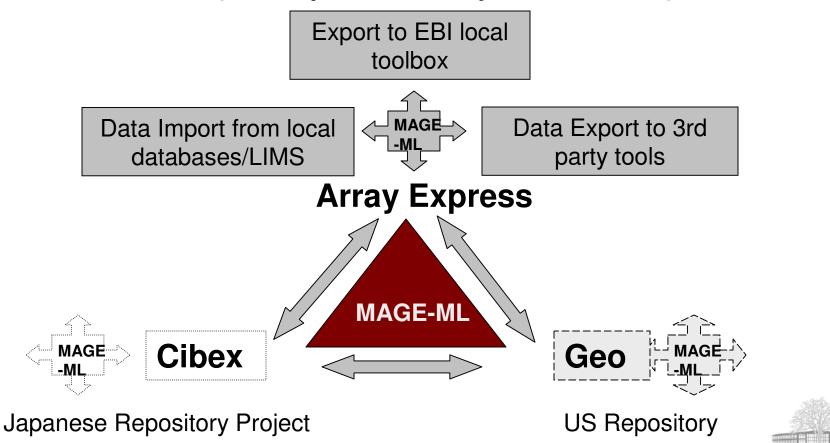
## **ArrayExpress's Future: Output wise**

- Development of graphical display interface
  - Creation the interface for displaying results in a meaningful way.
- Development of Gene-centric / Sequence-centric queries
  - •Several hurdles: Generating a "consensual" Gene Index
  - •Standardizing Array Annotation: re-annotating Arrays?
    - •=> unavoidable disclosure of sequences used in array
    - •=> IP issues
    - •Solution: follow Affymetrix example! working along with Ensembl!
- Development of query storage/tracking tools



## **ArrayExpress's Future: Output wise (2)**

 a possible view of MAGE-ML based data exchange in action ...(if all repositories rely on standards)



## **ArrayExpress's Future:**

- Better integration with Expression Profiler
- Development of a Datawarehouse in a production
   scale (for the moment prototyping)
- New MAGE-OM (U. Sarkans, P. Spellman)
  - ■To ensure better description of Biological material used in experiments
  - •Application to new emerging technologies in the field of high throughput biology (application to Proteomics)
- MIAME-Toxicogenomics guidelines:
  - Consequence of ILSI project and interest expressed by NHIES and FDA (sansone@ebi.ac.uk: Toxicogenomics coordinator @ EBI)



## Microarray Informatics team at EBI

#### Alvis Brazma - group leader

**EU Temblor funding** 

#### <u>ArrayExpress</u>

- •Gonzalo Garcia
- Ahmet Oezcimen
- Anjan Sharma
- Ugis Sarkans

#### **MIAMExpress**

- •Mohammadreza Shojatalab
- Niran Abeygunawardena
- Sergio Contrino

#### Expression Profiler

- Misha Kapushesky
- Patrick Kemmeren
- Jaak Vilo

#### <u>Toxicogenomics /</u> <u>Nutrigenomics effort</u>

- Susanna Sansone
- •Philippe Rocca-Serra
- Sergio Contrino

#### Research

- Thomas Schlitt
- Katja Kivinen
- Lev Soinov
- Anastasia Samsonova
- Aurora Torrente

#### **Curation**

- Helen Parkinson
- •Philippe Rocca-Serra
- Ele Holloway
- Gaurab Mukherjee



#### Reminders

- MIAME Checklist and standard enforcement policies
  - Journals
  - Funding agencies
- EBI: www.ebi.ac.uk/microarray
  - Data storage resources
    - MAGE-OM and MAGE-ML dtd
    - ArrayExpress: SQL scripts + Validator + MAGE-ML files
    - MIAMExpress: sourceforge project ID49908
- MGED: www.mged.org
  - MGED Ontology GOBO project
  - Meetings:
    - MAGE jamboree meeting Hinxton 1-6 December 2003