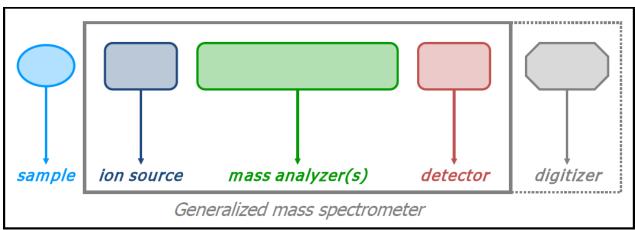


PeptidomicsDB: a new platform for sharing MS/MS data.

Federica Viti, Ivan Merelli, Dario Di Silvestre, Pietro Brunetti, Luciano Milanesi, Pierluigi Mauri NETTAB2010 Napoli, 01/12/2010





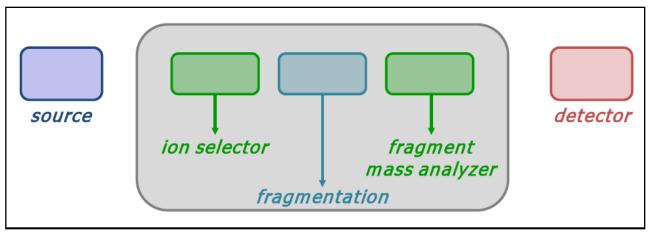


The **ion source** ionizes molecules and brings them into the gas phase. The **mass analyzer** operates on gas-phase ions using electromagnetic fields to detected mass-over-charge (m/z) ratio.

The **detector** is responsible for actually recording the presence of ions.







Two MS in series

- the first MS performs the function of ion selector, by selectively allowing only ions of a given m/z to pass through;

- the second MS is situated after fragmentation and is used as a mass analyzer for the fragments.

This approach allows the sequencing of the peptide and consequently a more accurate protein recognition



Peptide Atlas and GPMdb

-data reprocessing: uploaded raw data are not presented as they have been analysed by the owner but are processed again using pipelines developed expressly for the repository and based on PeptideProphet for PeptideAtlas and X!Tandem for GPMdb.

-both repositories provide protein annotations and proteotypic peptides prediction, identified as being highly related to the presence of the associated protein within the sample (unique requirement for GPMdb) and uniquely associated to a certain protein (additional requirement for PeptideAtlas).



Proteomics Identifications Database (PRIDE) – EBI

- focused on the submission of proteins identification, while peptides spectra are optional.

- metadata are mandatory for the submission, in order to better understand experiments and data analysis and to perform queries on uploaded information (metadata schema has been developed according to the MIAPE standard).

- submitted data are maintained private until the submitter chooses to public them.

- it does not suggests how to enrich the protein list nor how to identify proteotypic peptides.



Tranche

- organized as a filesystem
- accepts any proteomics-related files, regardless of their format
- simple repository design which do not allow advanced queries: after file uploading a unique hash key is retrieved, necessary to access the data.

Peptidome – NCBI

- organized into 'Studies' and 'Samples': the former are collections of related 'samples' and provide the description of the whole experiment; the second contain all data (lists of peptides and lists of proteins) related to the biological material processed through MS technology.



Working in collaboration with the proteomics group of ITB-CNR we focused the need for a shared, analysisoriented, MS/MS data repository.

The developed platform:

1.provides a storage solution for MS/MS data that can be used in its local version (MySQL can be customized to work in a federated mode) or in the web based one.

2.helps the identification of proteins present within a mixture, enriching the search engine output (that is often a single protein, as in Sequest).3.supports the inference of proteotypic peptides.

4. enables collaboration and sharing within the proteomics community.





Welcome to the Peptidomics Database

The Peptidomics Database is a bioinformatics resource that allows to analyse data from mass spectrometry experiments.

The Peptidomics Database enables users to upload their experiments results (chosing either a shared or a private solution) and associate to them not only annotations from the exploited technology but even annotations from 'in silico' informations.

Taking advantage from the data-warehouse approach the Peptidomics Database enables predictions about proteotypes peptides.

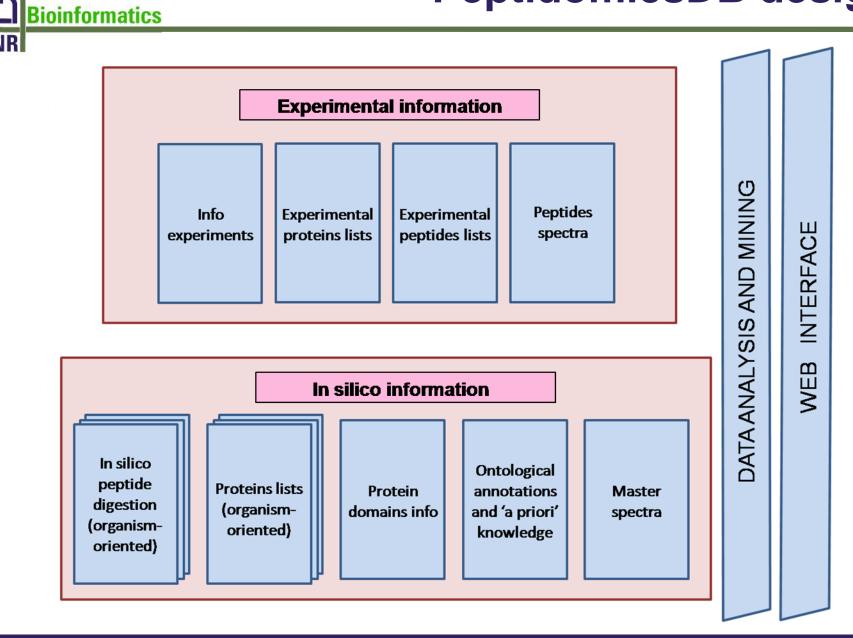
Disclaimer: whilst every effort has been taken to ensure the accuracy of the information and the reliability of the analyses available from this site, neither the ITB-CNR nor any of its employees, makes any warranty, express or implied, or assumes any legal liability or responsibility for the accuracympleteness, or usefulness of any information, or represents that its use would not infringe privately owned rights.

http://www.itb.cnr.it/peptidomics/



- The database includes different proteomics data types, from experiments information to spectra, to peptides, to proteins.
- Spectra-peptides association is provided according to the currently available search engines (Sequest , Mascot, etc..).
- Information enrichment is performed about protein identification to overcome the one-peptide one-protein association.
- Both **in-silico** and **experimental** data are provided. In-silico data enable the re-annotation of the fragmented peptides, thus overcoming the limits of mass spectrometry software.
- In-silico information is available separately for each organism considered in the uploaded experiments.
- The database is accessible via web interface.

PeptidomicsDB design





It enables the **re-annotation** of the fragmented peptides, thus overcoming the limits of mass spectrometry software that usually performs a 'one peptide - one protein' assignment.

In-silico data are collected into three kinds of tables, repeated **for each considered organism**.

Table are populated by following automated pipelines of scripts, which differ according to tables:

1. 'In-silico protein' table is a non-redundant list of proteins annotated with their sequence, Entrez gi identifier, reference name and description.
2. 'Synonym' table maintains a redundant list of the proteins that find a representative in the 'In-silico protein' table.
3. 'In-silico pentide' table is created from the 'in-silico protein' table.

3.'In-silico peptide' table is created from the 'in-silico protein' table, by digesting each reference protein sequence through a customized version of Proteogest perl script.

PeptidomicsDB





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http://www.itb.cnr.it/peptidomics/

Upload



This section allows the submission of experiment characteristics and the upload of spectra, peptide list and protein list files. Data are recorded into database tables and associated to a-priori and knowledge, thus in-silico integrating the search engine results with other annotations protein identification and options.

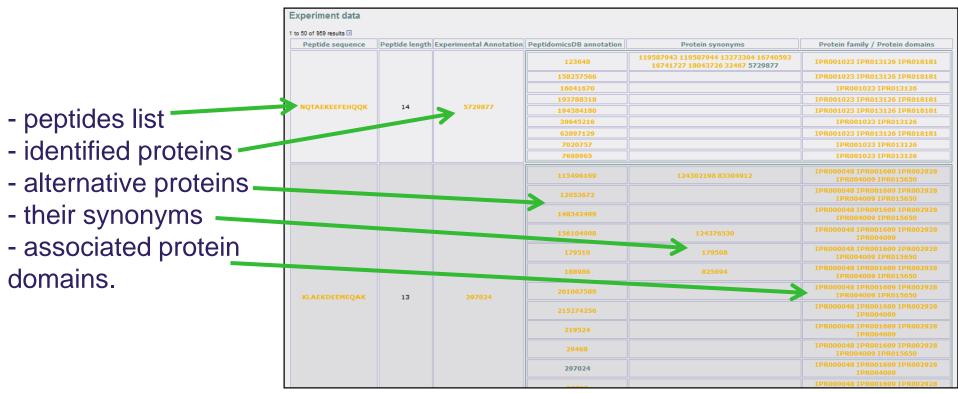
Uploading form						
EXPERIMENT INFORMATION						
Enter one space to visualize field options.						
Share Data						
Experiment name						
Organism						
Tissue type						
Condition						
Year						
Analysis software						
Reference database						
Database version						
Mass spectrometer						
Filter by separation						
Peptide thresholod						
Туре						
XC value						
Probability						
FILE UPLOADING						
Number of proteir	files to be uploaded:					
Number of peptide	files to be uploaded 🕞 👻					
	n files to be uploaded Sfoglia					
(only .zip format allo	wed, avoiding intermediate folders)					
Submit the experiment	Clear all					



Visualize

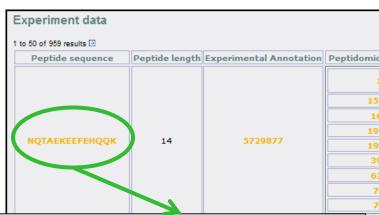
This tab allows to retrieve the list of uploaded experiments, ordered by organism, year of experiment performance or file owner.

For each experiment:





Bioinformatics



By clicking on a peptide sequence the 'peptide chart' can be accessed, presenting the experimental values and the peptide spectrum obtained for each occurrence of that peptide in the considered experiment, and the set of proteins (identified by in-silico data) where it appears.



Protein chart

	Bioinformatics
CNR	

			By	clicking on a pro	otein iden	ntifier th	e 'proteir
to 50 of 959 results 🗵			By clicking on a protein identifier the 'protein chart' is shown, which includes the whole				
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			39645216			IPR001023	IPR013126
F	Protein lenght: 690						8
	1 531-	236115387387095			ī	781	
1	1 531- Peptide identifier	Peptide sequence	Peptide start position	Peptide stop position	n	781	
1	1	Peptide sequence NQVAMNPTNTVFDAK	Peptide start position 57	Peptide stop position 71	T	781	
1	1	Peptide sequence NQVAMNPTNTVFDAK RFDDAVVQSDMK	Peptide start position 57 77	Peptide stop position 71 88	T	781	690 <mark>8</mark> 8 8 8 8
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1	1 531- Peptide identifier 531 236 1153	Peptide sequence NQVAMNPTNTVFDAK RFDDAVVQSDMK	Peptide start position 57 77 113	Peptide stop position 71 88 126		781	690 <mark>8</mark> 8 8 8 8 8 8 8
1	1 531- Peptide identifier 531 236 1153 873 873	Peptide sequence NQVAMNPTNTVFDAK RFDDAVVQSDMK SFYPEEVSSMVLTK TVTNAVVTVPAYFNDSQR	Peptide start position 57 77 113 138	Peptide stop position 71 88 126 155		781	8
1	Peptide identifier 531 236 1153 873 870	Peptide sequence NQVAMNPTNTVFDAK RFDDAVVQSDMK SFYPEEVSSMVLTK TVTNAVVTVPAYFNDSQR DAGTIAGLNVLR	Peptide start position 57 77 113 138 160	Peptide stop position 71 88 126 155 171		781	690 <mark>8</mark> 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8
1	Peptide identifier 531 236 1153 873 870 954	Peptide sequence NQVAMNPTNTVFDAK RFDDAVVQSDMK SFYPEEVSSMVLTK TVTNAVVTVPAYFNDSQR DAGTIAGLNVLR IINEPTAAAIAYGLDK	Peptide start position 57 77 113 138 160 172	Peptide stop position 71 88 126 155 171 187		781	8
	1 531- Peptide identifier 531 236 1153 873 873 954 94	Peptide sequence NQVAMNPTNTVFDAK RFDDAVVQSDMK SFYPEEVSSMVLTK TVTNAVVTVPAYFNDSQR DAGTIAGLNVLR IINEPTAAAIAYGLDK STAGDTHLGGEDFDNR	Peptide start position 57 77 113 138 160 172 221	Peptide stop position 71 88 126 155 171 187 236		781	
	1 531- Peptide identifier 531 236 1153 873 873 870 954 94 686 1013 455	Peptide sequence NQVAMNPTNTVFDAK RFDDAVVQSDMK SFYPEEVSSMVLTK TVTNAVVTVPAYFNDSQR DAGTIAGLNVLR IINEPTAAAIAYGLDK STAGDTHLGGEDFDNR MVNHFIAEFK ARFEELNADLFR SQIHDIVLVGGSTR	Peptide start position 57 77 113 138 160 172 221 237 300 329	Peptide stop position 71 88 126 155 171 187 236 246		781	690 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8
	1 531 Peptide identifier 531 236 1153 873 873 954 94 686 1013 455 1585	Peptide sequence NQVAMNPTNTVFDAK RFDDAVVQSDMK SFYPEEVSSMVLTK TVTNAVVTVPAYFNDSQR DAGTIAGLNVLR IINEPTAAAIAYGLDK STAGDTHLGGEDFDNR MVNHFIAEFK ARFEELNADLFR SQIHDIVLVGGSTR SINPDEAVAYGAAVQAAILSGDK	Peptide start position 57 77 113 138 160 172 221 237 300 329	Peptide stop position 71 88 126 155 171 187 236 246 311		781	4 690 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8
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The 'Query' section provides the possibility to select a limited and focused number of experiments, proteins and peptides according to the specific interests of the user. Queries are available both on peptide and protein levels.

The **peptide** section allows to return

(i) peptides by parameters such as organism, tissue type, delta mass;

(ii) experimental features about a specific peptide;

(iii) peptides identified in a selected organism as associated to a defined protein in a certain percentage of cases.





Perform queries on peptides Fill the blanks on which you want to perform your query Arabidopsis Thaliana ۰ Retrieve all peptides experimentally found in ORGANISM Bos Taurus. Escherichia Coli Ŧ (Mandatory field) AND in TISSUE AND in YEAR AND where XC • AND where MH+ ---• AND where ΔM (first field for integers, second one for decimal digits) ---• Search · Retrieve in-silico information about the following peptide Search Arabidopsis Thaliana ۰ % of the cases when the related protein is recognized in Bos Taurus Retrieve all peptides identified in >= $\overline{\mathbf{v}}$ Escherichia Coli Search

01/12/2010 Napoli



The definition of libraries of proteotypic peptide sequences is a crucial target, since they can be exploited to quickly scan through collections of tandem mass spectra for easily and unequivocally discovering the proteins present in the sample.

Retrieve all peptides identified in >=	= 60 % of the cases when the	e related protein i	is recognized in	Escherichia Coli Homo Sapiens Mus Musculus
Search				
	List of peptides identified in >= 60 °			appear in Homo Sapiens organisi
	Peptide sequence	Reference protein id	Percentage	
	AAAEVNQDYGLDPK	182794	60	
	AAALAHLDR	3510334	100	
	AAAVLPVLDLAQR	222080062	66.66666666667	
	AAFDDAIAELDTLSEESYK	5803225	60	
	AAFDDAIAELDTLSEESYKDSTLIMQLLR	5803225	60	
	AANDAGYFNDEMAPIEVK	167614485	100	
	AAQSQLSQGDLVVAIDGVNTDTMTHLEAQN	3327040	100	
	AASADSTTEGTPADGFTVLSTK	4758496	100	
	AAVEQLTEEQKNEFK	4507615	100	
	AAVPSGASTGIYEALELR	114665857	100	
	AAYFGVYDTAK	55749577	66.66666666667	
	ADHHATNGVVHLIDK	4507467	100	
	ADLINNLGTIAK	32486	100	
V	ADVDAATLAR	55749932	60	
	AENKLHVSLMENYPGTLEALGEPIR	119590272	100	
	AENKLHVSLMENYPGTLQALGEPIR	71891703	100	
	AENNPWVTPIADQFQLGVSHVFEYIR	6912638	100	
	AEVQNLGGELVVSGVDSAMSLIQAAK	55770844	75	
	AFGPGLEGGLVNK	5419655	60	
	AFMTADLPNELIELLEK	4758012	100	
	AFQPWEDIQENFLYYEEK	5802978	60	
	AFYPEEISSMVLTK	4529894	75	

Bioinformatics



For what concerns **proteins**, selections can be performed (i) by filtering collected proteins on experiment features such as organism, tissue type, probability, isoelectric point, molecular weight, even contemporary;

- (ii) by obtaining peptides associated to a defined protein;
- (iii) by listing all experiments where a target protein has been identified.





Perform queries on proteins

Fill the blanks on which you want to perform your query.

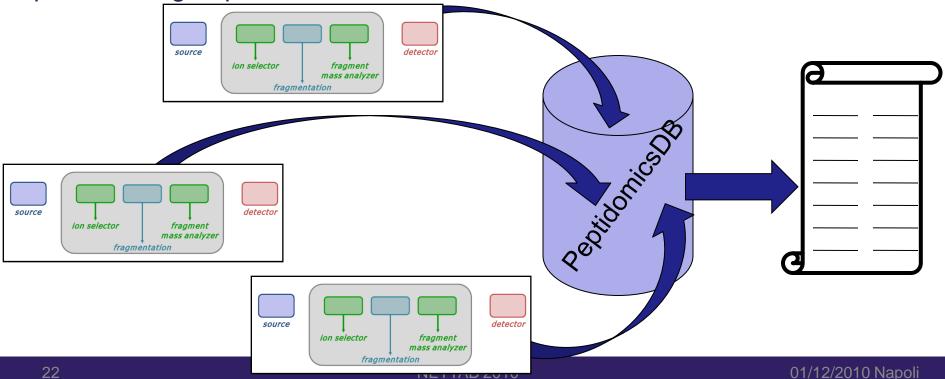
	Escherichia Coli		1		
Retrieve all proteins experimentally recognised in ORGANISM					
	Mus Musculus	*	(Mandatory	field)	
AND					
in TISSUE	-				
AND					
in YEAR	🗸				
AND					
 presenting probability 		+	-	(Insert single value or range values)	
AND					
 presenting pI 		🗸	-	(Insert single value or range values)	
AND					
presenting MW		+	-	(Insert single value or range values)	
AND					
presenting score					
AND					
presenting hits					
Search					
 Search for peptides associated to the following protein 	(5	earch protein b	v its Entrez GI	identifier)	
Search		, , ,	,		
 Search for experiments where the following protein is detected 	(S	earch protein b	y its Entrez GI	identifier)	
Search					



✤ We are paying particular attention to data enrichment through the integration of an ontological layer and a knowledge base about biomolecular processes in order to better qualify protein presence.

Bioinformatics

We are available to collaborate with proteomics groups that would like to test our system and to share their experimental data with other proteomics groups.





<u>Bioinformatics Division</u> Dr. Ivan Merelli Dr. Luciano Milanesi Proteomics Division Dr. Dario Di Silvestre Dr. Pietro Brunetti Dr. Pierluigi Mauri

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THANKS FOR YOUR ATTENTION!

QUESTIONS?

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