



ROCK: A RESOURCE FOR INTEGRATIVE BREAST CANCER DATA ANALYSIS

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Breast Cancer

- Breast cancer rates have increased by more than 50% over the last twenty years.
- Breast cancer is now the most common cancer in the UK, with more than 46,000 women and 200 men diagnosed each year, and more than a million cases worldwide.
- In the last decade numerous experimental approaches have been employed in an attempt to identify sub-types of breast cancer and new molecular targets for pharmaceutical interventions.





Outline

- Introduce issues surrounding breast cancer data integration.
- Define ROCK as a response to some of these issues.
- Illustrate the utility of ROCK via the use of case studies.





Data Types

- Clinical Annotation.
- Gene expression.
- DNA copy number.
- DNA methylation.
- Non-Coding RNA expression.
- Protein expression.
- Mutations/SNPs.





Integration issues

- Lack of consistency in sample classification schemes.
- Mapping between data types e.g. gene to protein.





ROCK

- ROCK Online Cancer Knowledgebase.
- Database containing the results of a large number of high throughput experiments on breast cancer.
- Currently focussed on gene expression and DNA copy number.
- Aimed primarily at bench scientists but is also utilised by bioinformaticians.
- Available at rock.icr.ac.uk





Aims of ROCK

- To provide an integrative framework for breast cancer experimental data.
- To provide functionality allowing bench scientists to use this functionality to test hypotheses in-silico in previously published datasets.





Data in ROCK

- Gene Expression Studies: 84
- Gene Expression Platforms: 54
- Analysed Gene Expression Projects: 63
 - Gene Expression Analyses: 216
 - Differentially Expressed Genes: 21862
 - Gene Expression Samples: 7261
 - Gene Expression Signatures: 38

- aCGH Projects: 12
- aCGH Platforms: 9
 - aCGH Samples: 598
- aCGH CNV Analyses: 40
 - aCGH CNVs: 2940
- Total Genes in CNVs: 19974



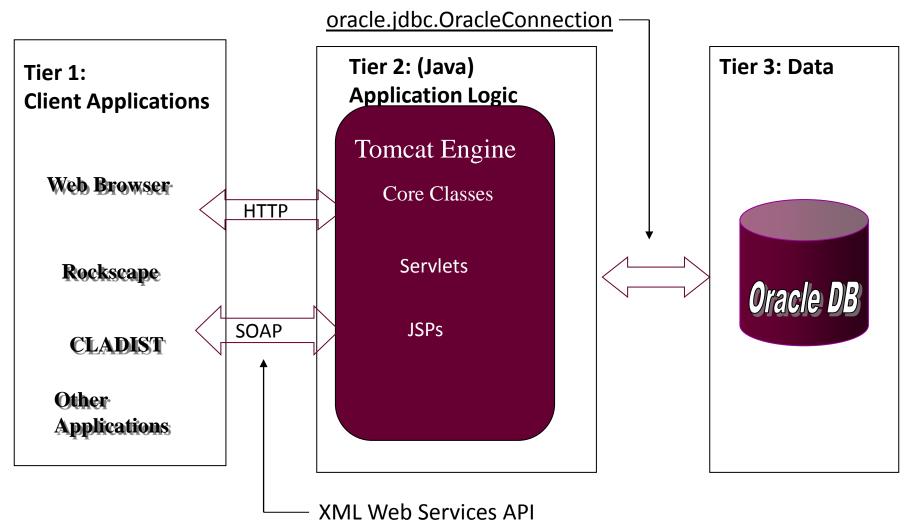


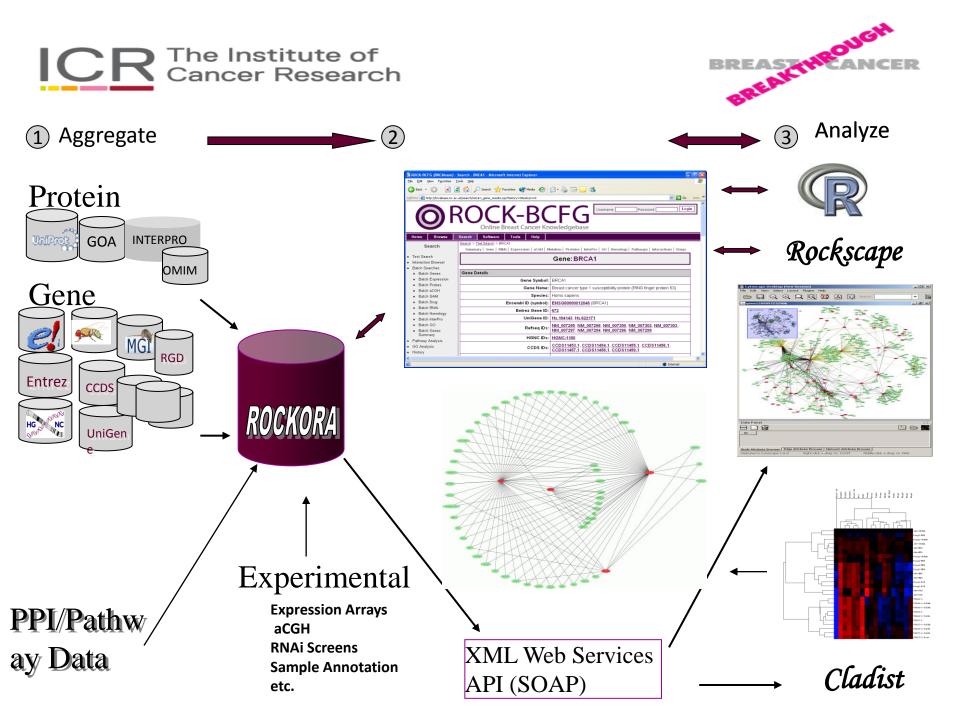
Additional data in ROCK

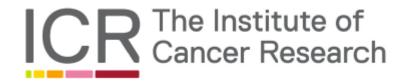
- Data from the Cancer Genome Atlas (TCGA)
- microRNA expression
- Gene expression measured by NGS (RNASeq)
- Human protein protein interaction data from HPRD, BioGrid, Mint (IMEX members) amongst others.







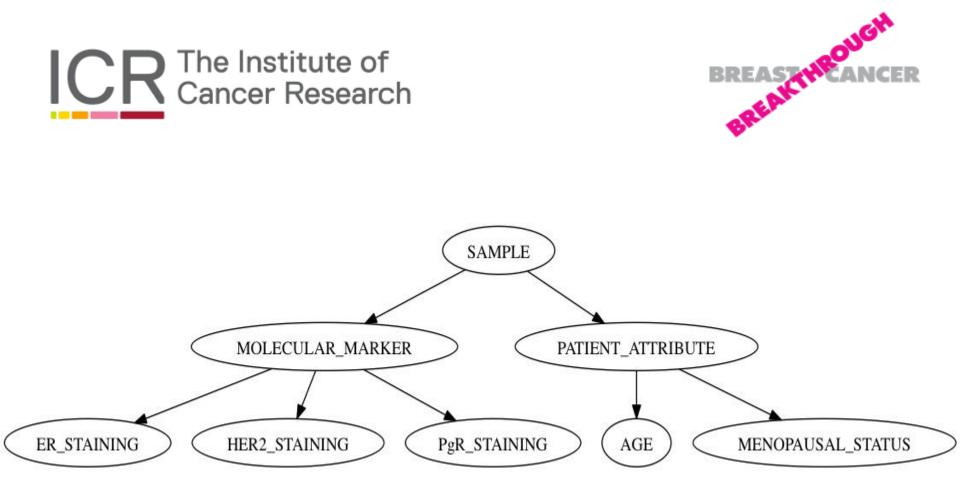


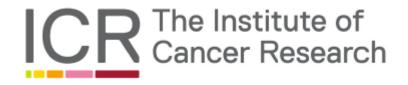




Sample Ontology

- The sample is the fundamental data entity in ROCK.
- All samples held in ROCK are classified within an ontological framework.
- Allows comparisons of hypotheses between studies.
- Represented in standard XML.
- Samples can be stratified by up to three annotation terms.







Case Study 1: FZD7

- Frizzled 7 is a cell surface which is an initiating molecule for the Wnt signalling pathway.
- Signalling pathways allow a cell to respond to its immediate environment.
- Faulty Wnt signalling is indicated as possible cause of some breast cancers.





Case Study 1: FZD7 (cont)

- Recent work by Yang *et al.* has shown that FZD7 is upregulated in triple negative breast cancer.
- Triple negative breast cancer is resistant to hormonal treatment and as such carries a comparatively poorer prognosis.
- Yang L, Wu X, Wang Y, Zhang K, Wu J, Yuan YC, Deng X, Chen L, Kim CC, Lau S *et al*: FZD7 has a critical role in cell proliferation in triple negative breast cancer. *Oncogene* 2011, 30(43):4437-4446.

ICR The Institute of Cancer Research



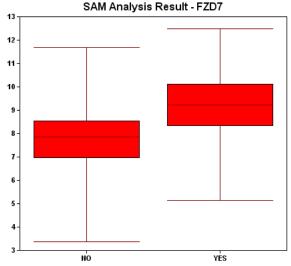
Expression	Upload Identifiers		
 Data by Sample Annotations 		FZD7	
Probes by Gene IDs			
 Probe Annotation arrayCGH 			
CNA Types by Studies	Enter list of IDs:		
 CNA Types by Sample Annotation Analysis 			
Interaction			
 SAM by Annotation 	Retrieval Expression Base On:	Median Of Matched Probes 👻	
 SAM by Studies Survival by Annotation and 	Affymetrix probeset filtering:	● Yes ◎ No	
Expression	Expression Study:	Popivici (2010) 🗸 🔁	
 Survival by Annotation only 	Platform:	HG-U133A - MAS5 → C	
Pathway Analysis			
 GO Analysis 	Retrieval Expression Type:	group mean of normalized expression 🔹	
RNAi	Sample annotation term:	Triple Negative	
 Batch RNAi Drugs 		☑ NO (207)	
Link to canSAR	Annotation:	VES (71)	
 Batch Drugs 		Select All	
 Batch Drug Targets 	Operator:	And Selected Sample Terms	
 History 	Second sample annotation term:		
	Annotation 2:		





	Submitted Item	Matched Gene	Triple -NO	Triple -YES	Fold Change	Response
1	FZD7	☑ <u>FZD7</u>	7.721 🛛	9.0369 🖪	2.4896	Triple -YES

Response	SAM Score	Fold Change	Q Value (%)
YES	4.973127	2.571173	0



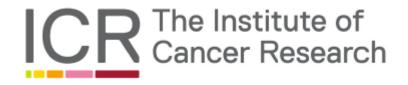
SAM Analysis Result - FZD7





Microarray gene expression analyses

- SAM (Significance of microarrays)
- Correlation with known gene signatures for tumour/sample classification (PAM50).
- Co-expression analyses.





Case Study 2:MYC

- *MYC*/c-MYC is a transcription factor which when over-expressed can drive cell proliferation.
- Chromosomes are frequently altered in various cancer types.
- It is possible to query ROCK as to whether the area of the chromosome containing *MYC* is altered in some studies.
- MYC is located on the q arm of chromosome 8 on the forward strand between the hg19 genomic coordinates 128,747,680 and 128,753,674)

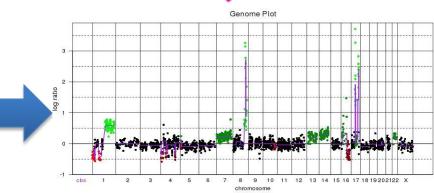


Gene RNAi NGS Expression aCGH Mutation Protein GO Homology Pathways Drugs Correlation Interactions

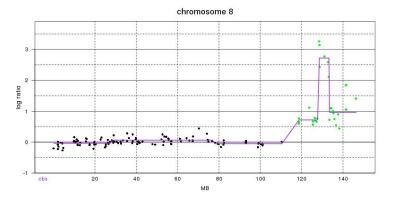
Gene:	MY	С
Ocne.		U

Gene Details		
Gene Symbol:	ol: MYC	
Gene Name:	v-myc myelocytomatosis viral oncogene homolog (avian) [Source:HGNC Symbol Acc:7553]	
Species:	Homo sapiens	
Ensembl ID (symbol):	ENSG00000136997 (MYC)	
Entrez Gene ID:	4609	
UniGene ID:	Hs.202453, Hs.596284	
Refseq IDs:	NM_002467	
HGNC IDs:	HGNC:7553	
CCDS IDs:	CCDS6359	
Other Aliases:	cMyc, MRTL, bHLHe39, c-Myc	
Chromosomal Location:	<u>8q24.21</u>	
PDB:	1MV0, 1A93, 1EE4, 2A93, 1NKP	
OMIM:	Burkitt lymphoma	
Links:	The Human Protein Atlas <u>GeneCards</u> Information Hyperlinked Over Proteins (iHOP) WolframAlpha	
miRNA IDs:	s: <u>View miRNA families</u>	
Rediction of microBAA targets	<u>NM_002467</u>	





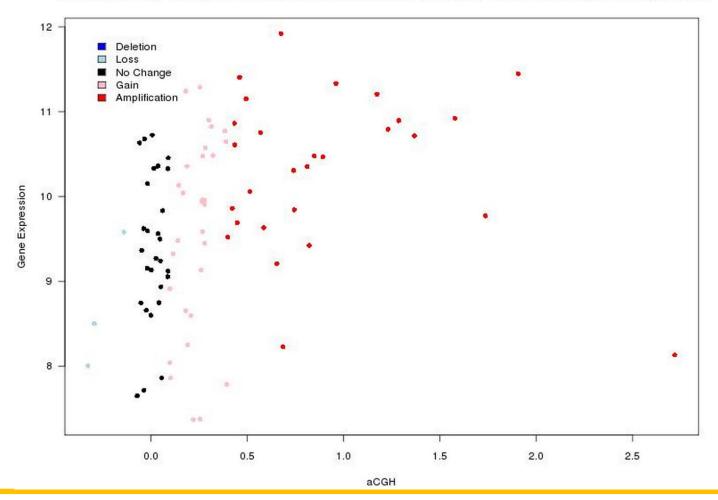












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Survival Analysis

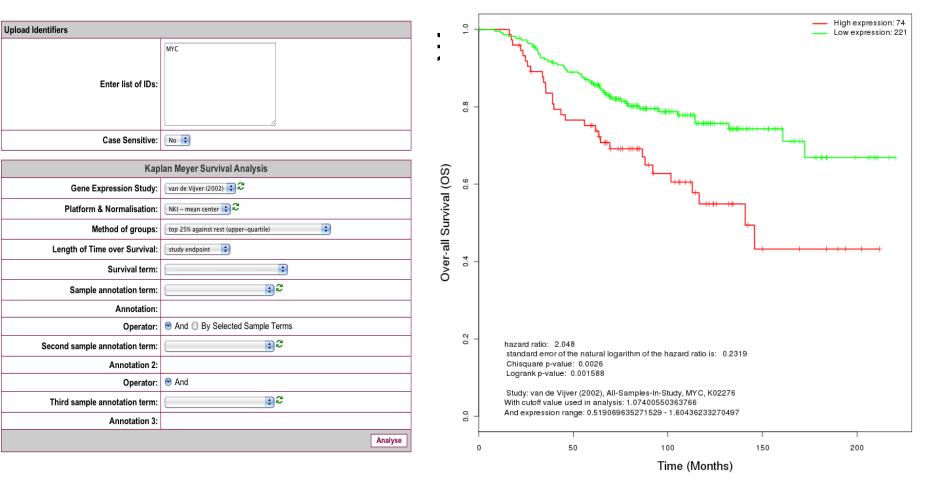
•ROCK also provides survival analysis.

Users can check if the expression level of a given gene is linked to a particular prognosis/outcome.
Only applicable in studies where survival data is known.





Kaplan Meier Plot for Gene: MYC







Iterative integration

- ROCK links the results of all analyses.
- This allows a user to undertake an iterative process where the results of one analysis are projected onto another.
- Registered users can save gene lists within ROCK and use them as initiation points for subsequent analyses.





GO/Pathway enrichment

- Sets of genes retrieved via ROCK analyses can be examined for enrichment in GO terms as well as pathway membership.
- KEGG
- REACTOME





Updates/Further Work

- Additional data types being added.
- Methylation/Epigenetic data
- Protein expression data.
- Other cancer types (Prostate/Ovarian)





ROCK Mission

- To provide an integrative framework for breast cancer experimental data.
- To provide functionality allowing bench scientists to use this functionality to test hypotheses in-silico in previously published datasets.

Acknowledgements

Cancer Informatics team

- Alice Gao
- Costas Mitsopoulos
- Jarle Hakas
- Marketa
 Zvelebil

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Thank you for your attention

- Any questions?
- Url: rock.icr.ac.uk